Astronomy 230 by Mark Parisi mark here of mark Parisi This place of



HW₃



This class (Lecture 21):

Cultural Evolution

Jeffery Ungrund Ian Gentile Chris Blim

Next Class:

Evolution of World View
Jake O'Keefe
Brandon Eckardt
Kevin Quinn

Nov 14:

Ken Sampson

Music: *Human* – Human League

PERFECTLY

THE HUMANS DON'T

SUSPECT A THING...

ODD SINCE WE'VE

MADE NO EFFORT TO HIDE THE ANTENNAS

HOW GOES

OUR PLAN TO

INFILTRATE

THE EARTH?

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• Brandon Roel:

http://www.cropcircleconnector.com/index2.html

• Brandon Eckardt:

http://www.crystalinks.com/ets.html

• Sandor Van Wassenhove:

http://www.ufoarea.com/llovd_tuatha.html

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Presentations



 Jeffery Ungrund: Sociological View of Advanced Civilizations

• Ian Gentile: Terraforming Mars

• Chris Blim: Ancient Astronauts

Outline



- From intelligence to communication
- Will a civilization develop that has the appropriate technology and worldview?
- Requires knowledge of quantum mechanics and astronomy.

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f_i Considerations



- Complexity leads to intelligence, but complexity seems to require a benign environment. Harsher environments have simpler organisms.
- Perhaps life may exist on harsh planets, but more intelligent life?
- Remember, human intelligence took 4.5 billion years.
- Systems too near the center of the galaxy are more likely to be hit with supernovae event in that time.
- 4.5 Byrs is about half the age of our galaxy. Were we fast or slow? Fast: severely limits ETs. Slow: there can be multiple ETs.

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f_i Considerations



- How unique is our intelligence?
- Teaching sign language to chimps and gorillas have shown they are more intelligent than we thought.
- Whales and dolphins are speculated to be of high intelligence.
- With all of this in hand, we are ready to make the next estimate in the Drake equation.
- This term is only intelligent life that can communicate abstract thought to each other, not technological able to communicate.

f_i Considerations



- Intelligent life is a very recent development on Earth with the emergence of the primates, hominids, and H. sapiens.
- Everyone agrees that this particular evolution will not occur on other planets.
- But, will the characteristics of H. sapiens be common to human-like intelligence?
 - Manipulative organs
 – hands
 - Walking upright?
 - Is tool use and larger brains associated with walking upright?
 - Pair bonding?
 - Human brains quadruple in size after birth compared to other primates which double.

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What is fi



- What is the fraction of life that forms human or better intelligence in less than about 4.5 billion vears?
- If you think that it always does, then $f_i = 100\%$
- If you think that it is a statistical fluke or required supernatural invention then you could use 1/billion or 10⁻⁷%.
- Anywhere in between is fair game.

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Backdrop of Civilization



- Origin of modern H. sapiens is disputed, but the genetic and linguistic evidence points toward a spread of humans across Eurasia then the Americas.
- We share a common gene pool, but genetic drifts and selection for local environments created genetic differences among groups.
- These differences have little to do with the concept of race, which has been showed by genetic studies to be a meaningless concept.
- The greatest genetic and linguistic variations are found in Africa, supporting the "out of Africa" idea

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http://www.popular-science.net/img/out-ofafrica.ipg

Cultural Evolution



- Once humans spread across the globe, the primary method for evolutionary change shifted from biological to cultural evolution
- Anatomically modern H. sapiens evolved 100,000 yrs ago, but the first modern behavior did not appear until 40,000 yrs ago—e.g. cave painting.
- Regardless, there has not been any significant biological evolution for the last 40,000 yrs—e.g. brain increase.



http://www.codcottage.freeserve.co.uk/images/hand castillo spain.jpg

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Cultural Evolution



- The rest is cultural—from hunter-gathers to cell-phone-users.
- Cultural evolution was fast.
- Is cultural evolution needed for ET? Why would a ET culture try to communicate?
 - Capability (suitable technology) and interest (worldview?).



Hunting and Gathering



- Until 10,000 years ago, H. Sapiens functioned completely as hunter-gathers.
- Small nomadic tribes with few possessions.
- Except for shortages, a fair and easy life
 - No midterms
 - Only working about 4 hours a day
 - But, no way to create surpluses or free members for other roles.
 - When things go bad, they really go bad.



http://www.cnn.com/WORLD/9511/safrica bushmen/

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Nov 7, 2006



Nov 7, 2006

Agriculture



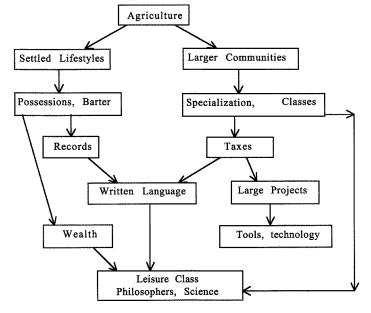
- Tribal societies—100s of people into villages
- Due to agriculture, larger and larger communities and new societal organizations.
- Began about 10,000 yrs ago, around the dead sea.
 - Mixed hunting with harvesting of wild wheat and barley.
 - Storage, planting, and seed selection.
 - Mutant varieties took over and hunting decreased.
 - 1000 years later, animal domestication.
- Provided long-term settlements for cultural evolution, information, tools, and energy sources.

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http://www.ffa.org/media/comm/index.html

The Importance of Agriculture





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